LHC: connect the dots!

What is this?

Take a pencil and connect the dots. That will reveal the tracks left by the particles.

At the Large Hadron Collider (LHC), protons collide in the centre of gigantic detectors. Then hundreds of new particles, the tiniest bits of matter (what we are made of, as well as everything around us: air, water, rocks etc.), are produced and fly in all directions away from the collision point.

Level 1- Easy

These particles interact with the detector leaving little dots where they passed. By connecting these dots, we can see the tracks (path) of the particles. These tracks are analysed by the physicists to understand what happened in the collision.

Some particles are stopped by the detector generating dozens of new particles in what we call a *particle shower*. They are represented by triangles. Draw showers in the triangles.

Help the physicists!



On the slice of detector on the right, trace the tracks left by the particles to help physicists identify them! Maybe you will see evidence of a Higgs boson! Follow instructions on the right of the page.

Level 2 - Intermediate

Did you know that...

Label each track with the name of one of the particles written in the first column of the table. There is a column for each detector part, numbered from the inside out. Identify particles by the traces they left.

In reality the LHC detectors record about 1 billion collisions like this each second! You would need a lot of paper and pencils to draw them all. Instead, physicists use many computers (more than half a million processor cores) to store and draw all the tracks. These computers are in 170 data centres around the world!



Do you want to know more?

Level 3 - Advanced

Scan the QR code below to discover more about this collision and find others collisions to analyse.

A. Have you found a Higgs boson in this collision?

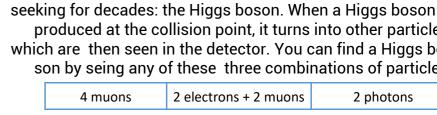
Come to CERN, in Geneva, Switzerland and visit our permanent exhibitions or get a guided tour of the Laboratory. More info on visit.cern.

Scan this QR code to find out

More collisions on cern.ch/connectdots

more about this collision

In 2012, the LHC detectors found a particle scientists had been seeking for decades: the Higgs boson. When a Higgs boson is produced at the collision point, it turns into other particles, which are then seen in the detector. You can find a Higgs boson by seing any of these three combinations of particles:



Collision # 35695645852 Analysed by :

3

2

If you have not found a Higgs, try another collision...

B. Strange track...

One track does not pass by the point of collision in the centre. What is it? Scan the QR code on the left to find out!